

Mission:

To protect, promote & improve the health of all people in Florida through integrated state, county & community efforts.



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Governor

John H. Armstrong, MD, FACS
State Surgeon General & Secretary

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Weekly Respiratory Illness Report – Escambia County, 2013 - 2014

CDC Week 19: May 4 - May 10, 2014

Summary

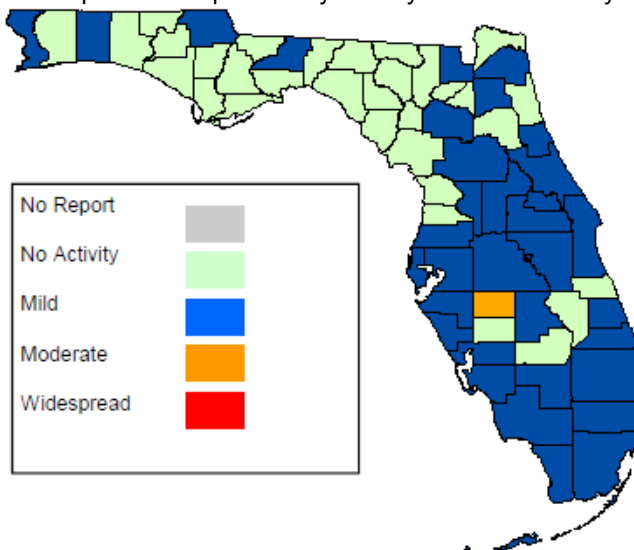
This report summarizes influenza activity in Escambia County as reported by participating laboratories and Sentinel Physicians during the week of May 4 – May 10, 2014. This week, four (4) hospital laboratories reported their weekly numbers and percentages of positive rapid flu tests. Four (4) physicians reported their weekly numbers in the Florida Outpatient Sentinel Physician Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) for Escambia County for week 19.

Influenza Like Illness Surveillance - Florida ILINet

During the week ending May 10, 2014, Escambia County Sentinel Physicians reported seeing 4 cases of influenza-like illness (ILI) out of a total 1034 patients seen ($4/1034 = 0.39\%$). Since September 29, 2013 (CDC Week 40), 17 specimens have been submitted for laboratory testing by the sentinel physicians and 9 have tested positive ($9/17 = 52.94\%$); 9 for A H1N1. The percentage of patient visits for ILI from statewide sentinel physicians was $108/13171 = 0.82\%$ (number of ILI divided by total patients seen). See map below for distribution of ILI activity statewide as reported by Florida ILINet county flu activity codes for week 19.

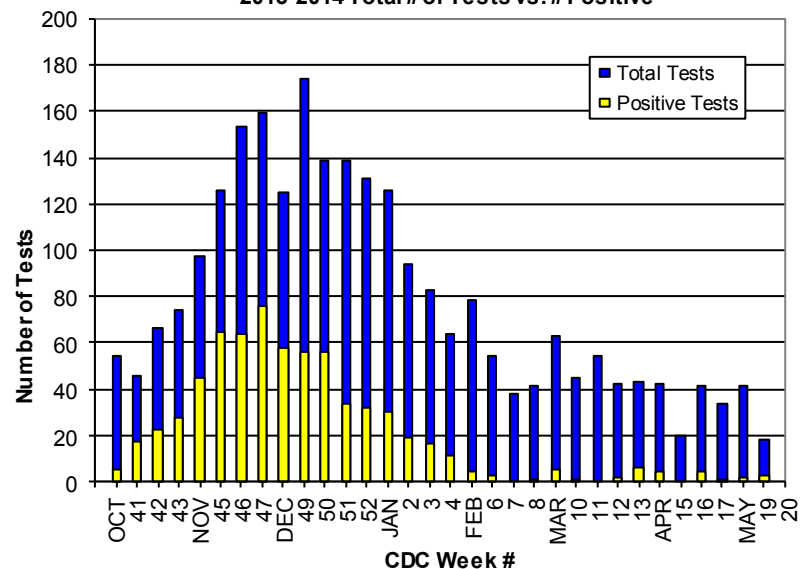
Statewide ILI Activity - Week 19

As Reported on EpiGateway County Influenza Activity



Number Positive RSV Tests in Escambia County - Week 19

2013-2014 Total # of Tests vs. # Positive



Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)

RSV infections usually occur during the late fall, winter, or early spring months (CDC). The graph above features the number of positive RSV cases (yellow) compared to the total number of RSV tests (blue) in Escambia County for 2013-14 reported by four (4) hospital laboratories. During week 19, 3 positive RSV tests were reported out of 18 tests performed (16.67% positive).

Influenza Laboratory Surveillance

Hospitals in Escambia County routinely use either rapid antigen tests or PCR testing to diagnose and differentiate influenza A and B in clinical specimens. Sacred Heart hospital uses PCR testing; the other laboratories use rapid antigen testing. Out of 72 tests performed during week 19, 1 was positive (1.39% positive); 1 was Influenza A and 0 were Influenza B.

Florida Department of Health

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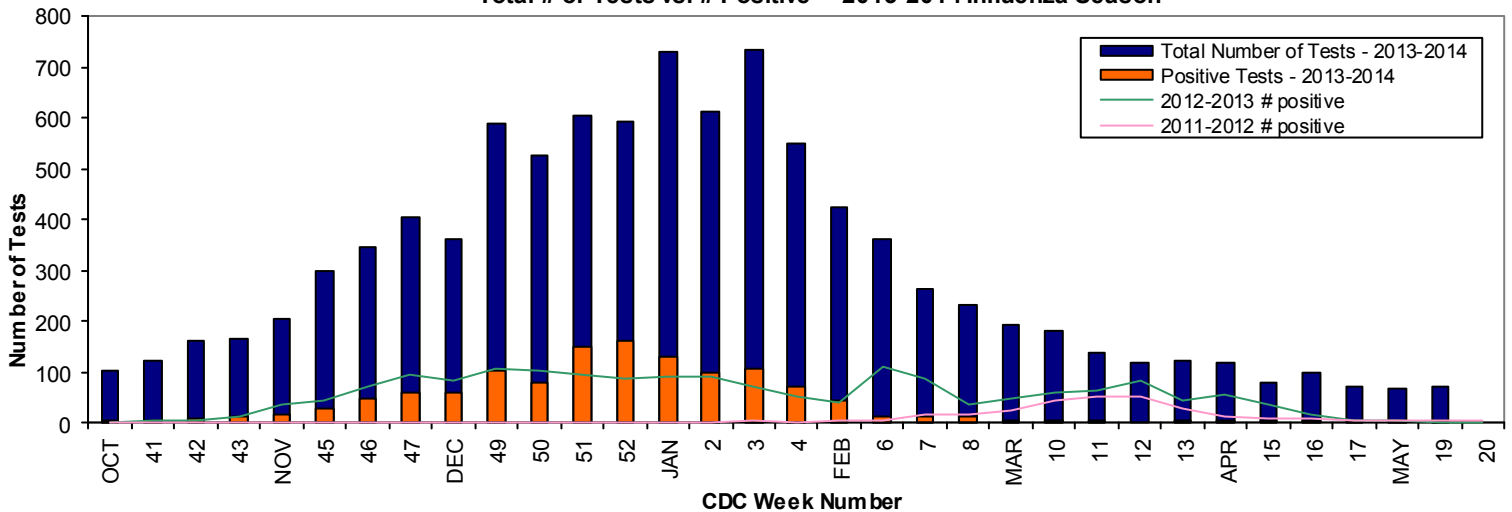


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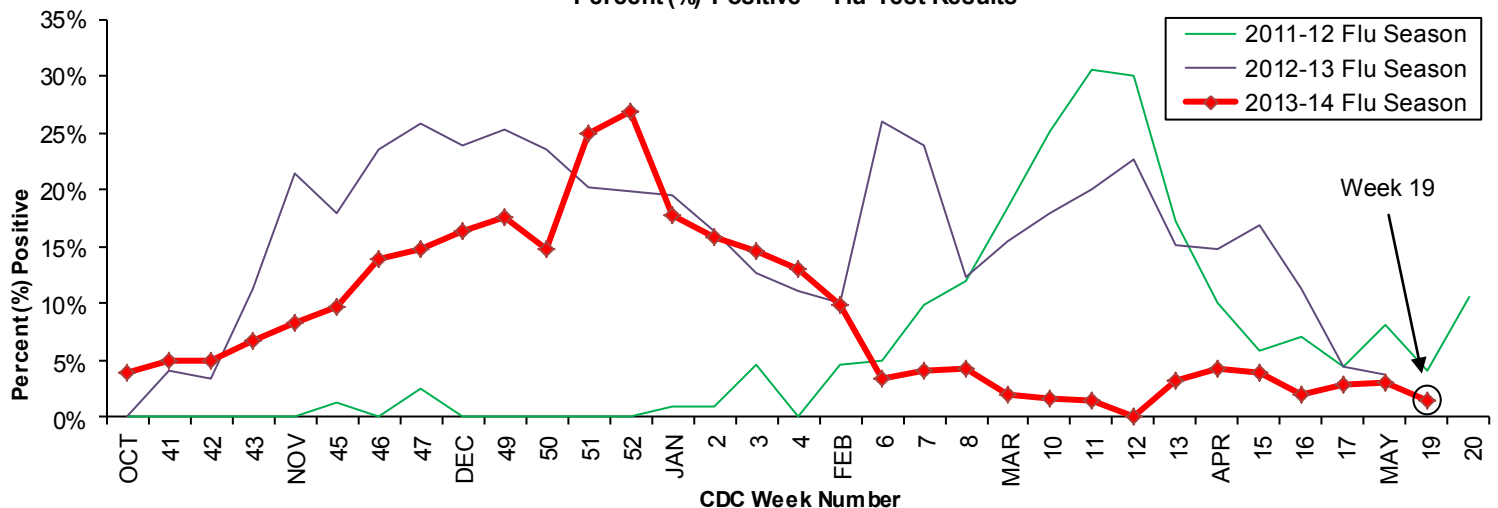
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Total # of Tests vs. # Positive -- 2013-2014 Influenza Season



Percent (%) Positive -- Flu Test Results

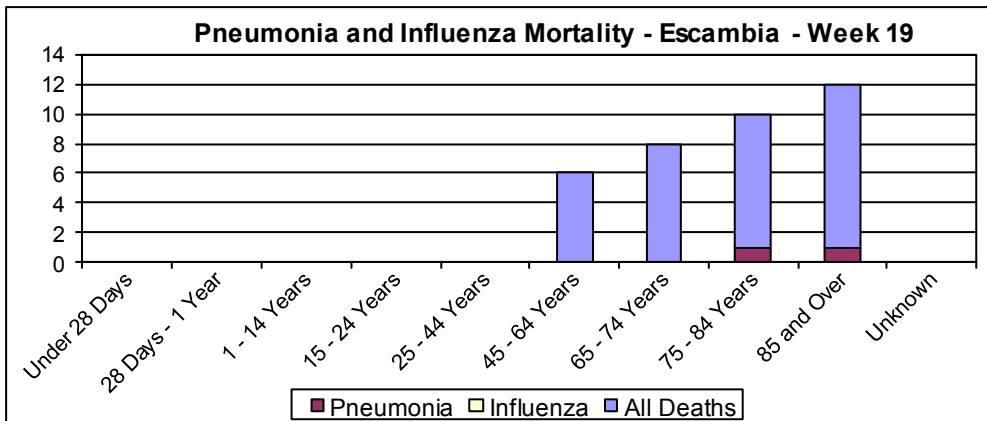


Escambia County Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality for Week 19, ending May 10, 2014

During the week ending May 10, zero (0) deaths in Escambia County residents were attributed to influenza, and two (2) deaths were attributed to pneumonia.

***Note: All pediatric influenza mortality cases < 19 years of age are reportable to the state**

Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality - Escambia - Week 19



	Week 19	Season Total
Total Deaths	34	1796
Pneumonia Deaths	2	78
Influenza Deaths	0	5

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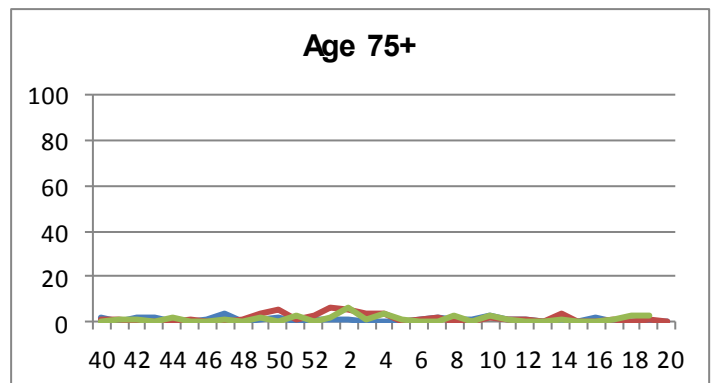
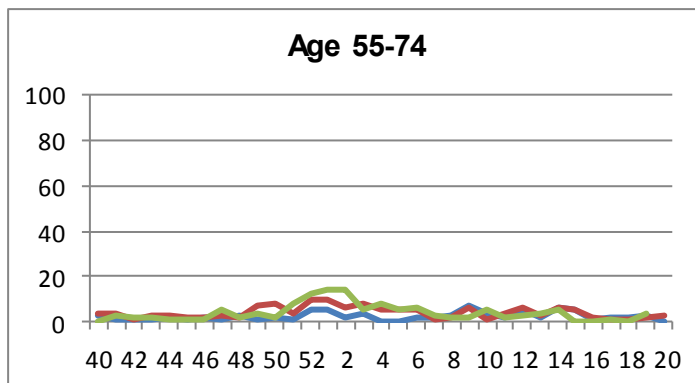
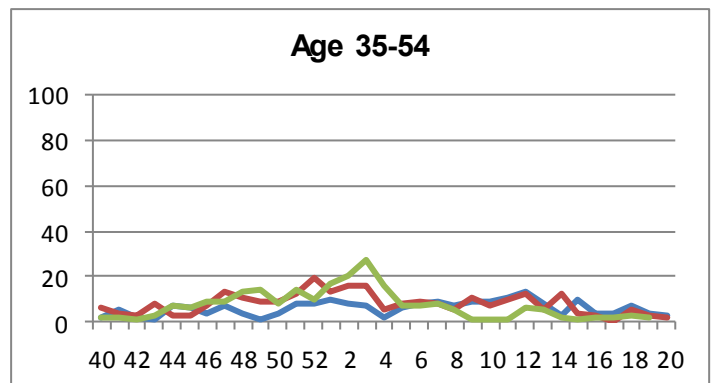
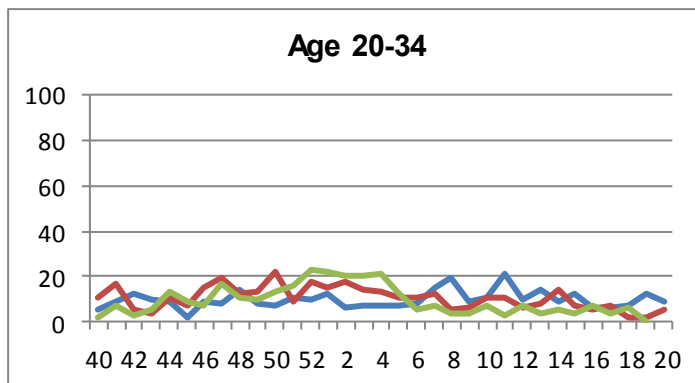
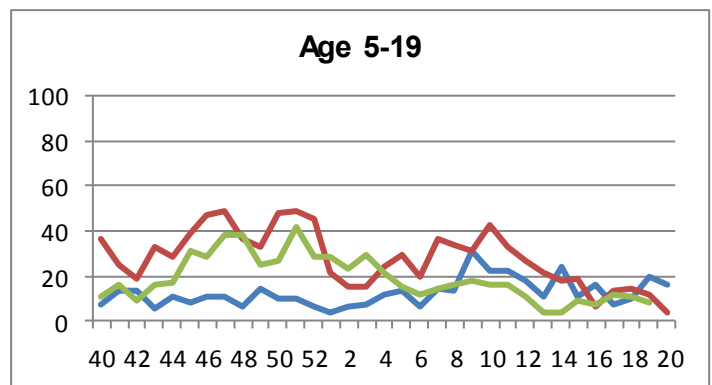
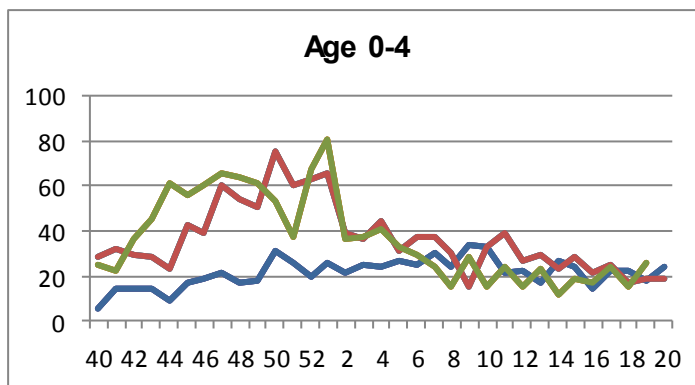
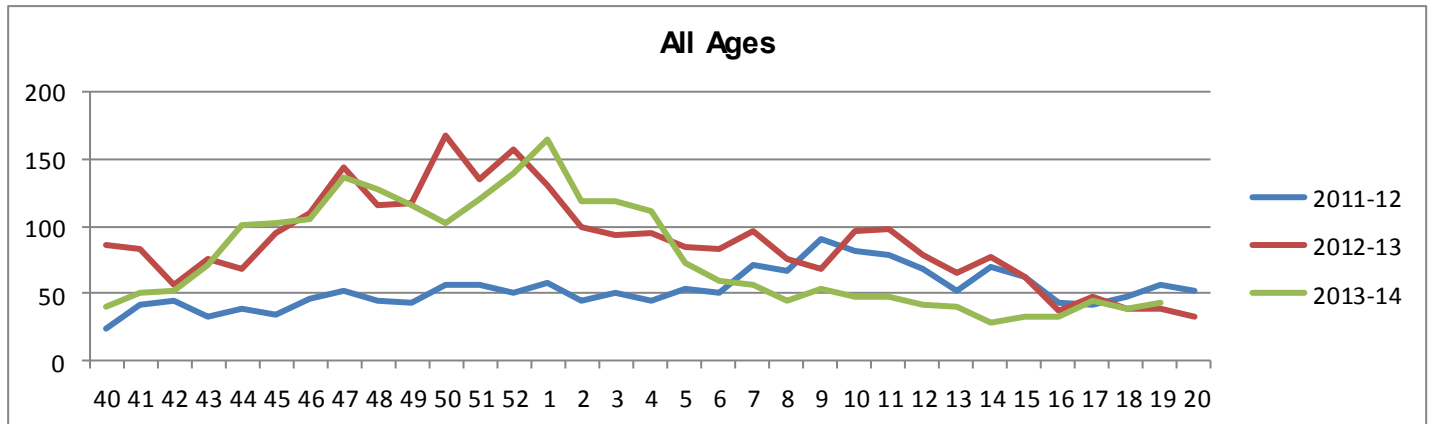


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Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Emergency Department visits from two (2) Escambia hospitals.



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Florida Flu Review - Summary: Week 19

Summary:

The Florida Department of Health (FDOH) monitors multiple surveillance systems such as the Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics (ESSENCE), the Florida Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality Surveillance System (FPIMSS), notifiable disease reports (Merlin), EpiCom, and Florida ILINet in order to track influenza activity in the state.

State:

Week 19 State Influenza Activity: Sporadic

- **Influenza activity continues to decline overall or remain at low levels across the state.**
- **This season, FDOH has received reports of severe influenza illness, including hospitalizations, requiring intensive care unit (ICU) care among unvaccinated pregnant women.**
- **Most Florida counties are reporting mild influenza activity.** In week 19, 28 counties reported decreasing influenza activity; 36 counties indicated activity is at a plateau.
- **Emergency department (ED) and urgent care center (UCC) influenza-like illness (ILI) visits have decreased in recent weeks;** current data suggest that the influenza season has peaked.
 - While activity statewide is generally decreasing, those at high risk for infection, such as pregnant women, are among those presenting to EDs and UCCs for care.
 - Pregnant women are among those at high risk for severe complications due to influenza infection. More information can be found here: <http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/influenza/documents/2013/flu-fact-sheet-pregnant-women.pdf>.
- **In Florida, the most common influenza subtype detected at the Bureau of Public Health Laboratories (BPHL) in recent weeks has been influenza B.**
 - In week 19, 6 of 19 specimens submitted for influenza testing at BPHL were PCR positive for influenza. All were PCR positive for influenza B. This is a seasonal strain of influenza.
 - Nationally (including Florida), the vaccine is a good match for identified circulating strains.
 - **No influenza or ILI outbreaks (epidemiologically-linked cases of influenza in a single setting) were reported to EpiCom in week 19.**
- **One pediatric influenza-associated death was reported in week 19.** Five pediatric influenza-associated deaths have been reported in the 2013-2014 season.
- **The preliminary estimated number of Florida deaths due to pneumonia or influenza in week 18 is lower than the seasonal baseline, based on previous years' data.** Estimated deaths due to pneumonia and influenza are identified using preliminary death certificate data.
- **Because of sporadic influenza activity in some areas of the state, Florida reported sporadic influenza activity to CDC in week 19.** This activity level represents the geographic spread of influenza in Florida.

State Weekly Influenza Summary

<http://www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/influenza/index.html>

CDC Influenza Summary

<http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/fluactivity.htm>

Escambia County Weekly Respiratory Reports

http://www.escambiahealth.com/epi/seasonal_flu/

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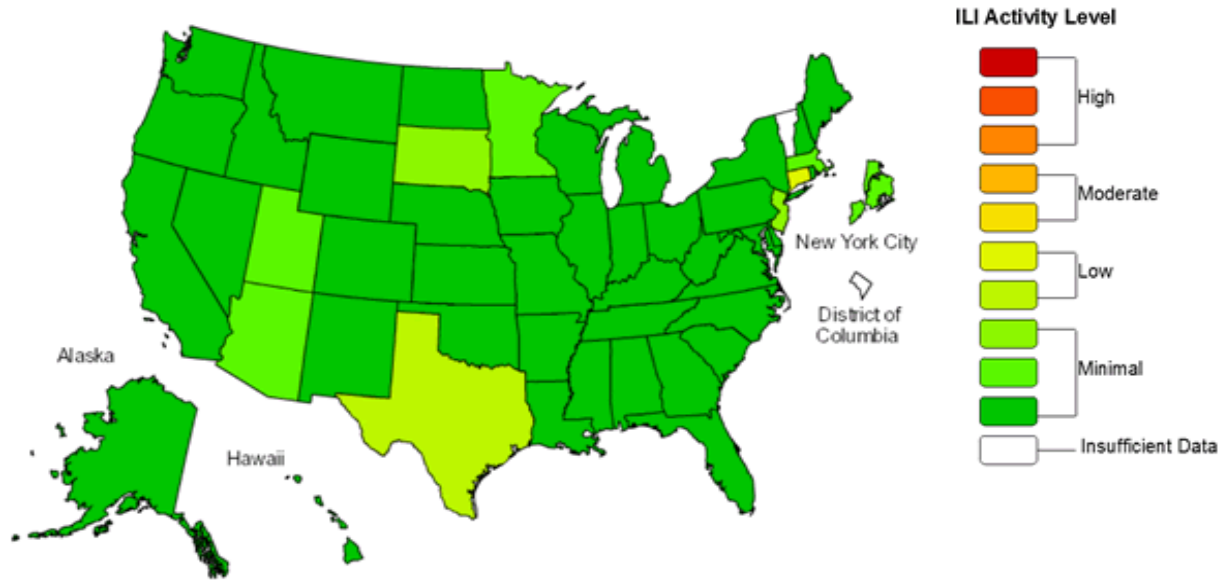
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**Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Activity Level Indicator Determined by Data Reported to ILINet
2013-14 Influenza Season Week 19 ending May 10, 2014**



During week 19, the following ILI activity levels were experienced:

- Two states experienced low ILI activity (Connecticut and Texas).
- Forty-seven states and New York City experienced minimal ILI activity (Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming).
- Data were insufficient to calculate an ILI activity level for the District of Columbia and one state (Vermont).